## Exercise 5

Find F'(x) for the following integrals:

$$F(x) = \int_0^x (x - t)u(t) dt$$

## Solution

The Leibnitz rule states that if

$$F(x) = \int_{g(x)}^{h(x)} f(x, t) dt,$$

then

$$F'(x) = f(x, h(x))\frac{dh}{dx} - f(x, g(x))\frac{dg}{dx} + \int_{g(x)}^{h(x)} \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} dt,$$

provided that f and  $\partial f/\partial t$  are continuous. In this exercise, g(x)=0, h(x)=x, and f(x,t)=(x-t)u(t). Applying the rule gives us

$$F'(x) = 0 \cdot 1 - xu(0) \cdot 0 + \int_0^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x - t)u(t) dt.$$

Therefore,

$$F'(x) = \int_0^x u(t) dt.$$